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## PROBLEMS FOR SOLUTION.

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### ALGEBRA.

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170. Proposed by S. F. NORRIS, Professor of Astronomy and Mathematics, Baltimore City College, Baltimore, Md.

Find by strictly quadratic methods at least one set of values of  $x$  and  $y$  in the equations  $x^2y^2+x=38$  and  $xy+y^2=15$ .

171. Proposed by IDA M. SCHOTTENFELTZ, A. M.

$ay^2+a=bxy+cx$ ,  $bx^2+b=axy+cy$ . Solve for  $x$  and  $y$ .

172. Proposed by L. E. DICKSON, Ph. D., The University of Chicago.

Without solving the algebraically solvable quintic  $y^5 + py^3 + \frac{1}{5}p^2y + r = 0$ , prove that it is irreducible in the domain of rationality  $(p, r)$ .

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### GEOMETRY.

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193. Proposed by PROFESSOR BEYENS.

Si le rapport du segment d'une base de la sphère à l'hémisphère est  $m/n$ , le rapport de l'hauteur du segment à deux bases qui resultera au rayon est égal à  $2\sin\frac{1}{2}[\sin^{-1}(n-m)/n]$ . [Problem 9699, *Educational Times*.]

194. Proposed by MARCUS BAKER, U. S. Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

Glass paper weights, having the form of a regular tetrahedron, are to be packed for shipment, each in a paper box. Wanted to know the size and shape of the smallest box for the purpose. How much empty space in each box?

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### CALCULUS.

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160. Proposed by B. F. FINKEL, A.M., M.Sc., Professor of Mathematics and Physics, Drury College, Springfield, Mo.

A dog at the vertex of a right conical hill pursues a fox at the foot of the hill. How far will the dog run to catch the fox, if the dog runs directly toward the fox at all times, and the fox is continually running around the hill at its foot, the velocity of the dog being 6 feet per second, the velocity of the fox being 5 feet per second, the hill being 100 feet high and 200 feet in diameter at the base?

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### MECHANICS.

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150. Proposed by G. B. M. ZERR, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry and Physics, The Temple College, Philadelphia, Pa.

$O$  is a point in the plane of a triangle,  $ABC$ , and  $D, E, F$  are the mid-points of the sides. Show, geometrically, that the system of forces  $OA, OB, OC$  is equivalent to the system  $OD, OE, OF$ .